Pivot Polishing – Why, How, & Comparing Methods





One can know a man from his laugh, and if you like a man's laugh before you know anything of him, you may confidently say that he is a good man.

Fyodor Dostoevsky

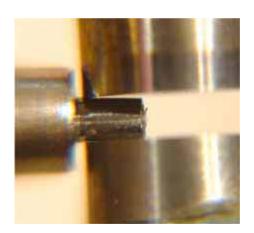
Why polish pivots?

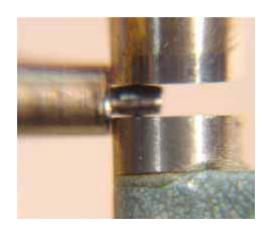
- Reduces friction in the bearing surfaces of the clock or watch.
- Okay, but does it really need to be done?
- Benefits of pivot polishing:
 - Not polishing pivots may keep your clock or watch from running.
 - It is in keeping with the historical restoration of the timepiece & will prolong its life.
 - Well worth the extra time if you have the plates separated anyway.
 - Possibly reduces "call backs" from an angry customer.

Misshapen pivots...

- How do pivots get damaged?
 - Inadequate oiling and cleaning
 - Oil & dirt forms abrasive paste over time
 - Bent pivots from broken mainspring or previous improper repairs
 - Poor polishing or burnishing technique
- Examine pivots using a micrometer or caliper jaws.



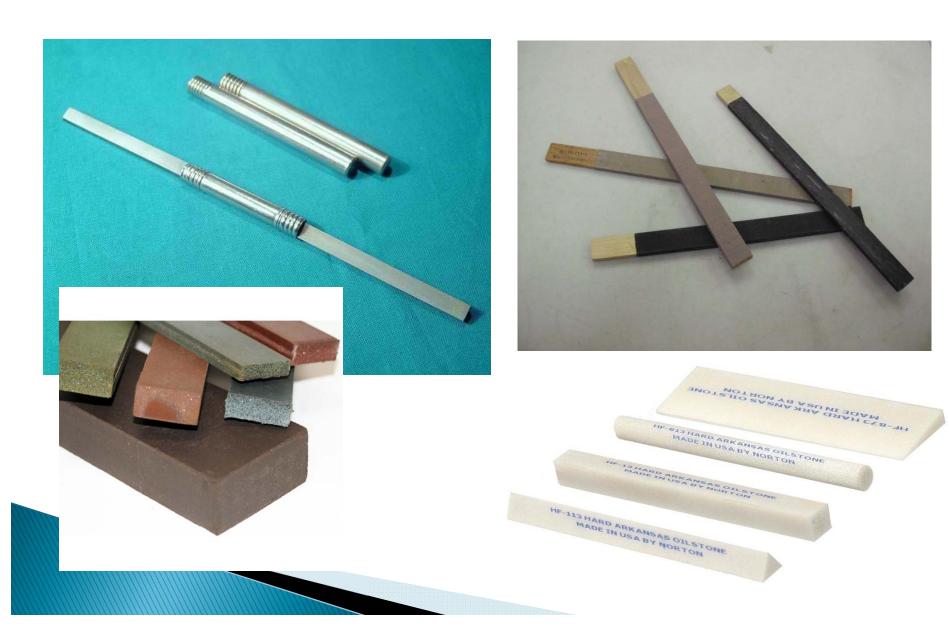




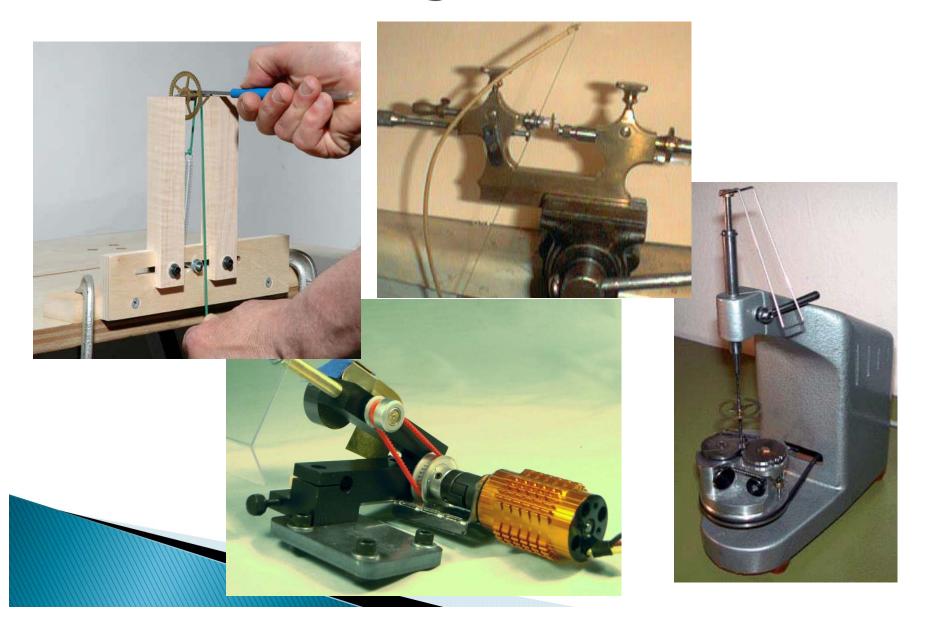
General steps for polishing pivots

- Polish pivots after cleaning and before beginning any bushing work.
- <u>Carefully</u> straighten any bent arbor or pivot.
- Correct any scratches or misshapen pivots with a pivot file.
- Polish and/or burnish the pivot.
- Variety of techniques:
 - Polishing sticks & various grits of fine sandpaper
 - Stoning
 - Pivot file & burnisher
- Clean the pivots and gears again before movement reassembly

A closer look at media & tools



Pivot Polishing Machines

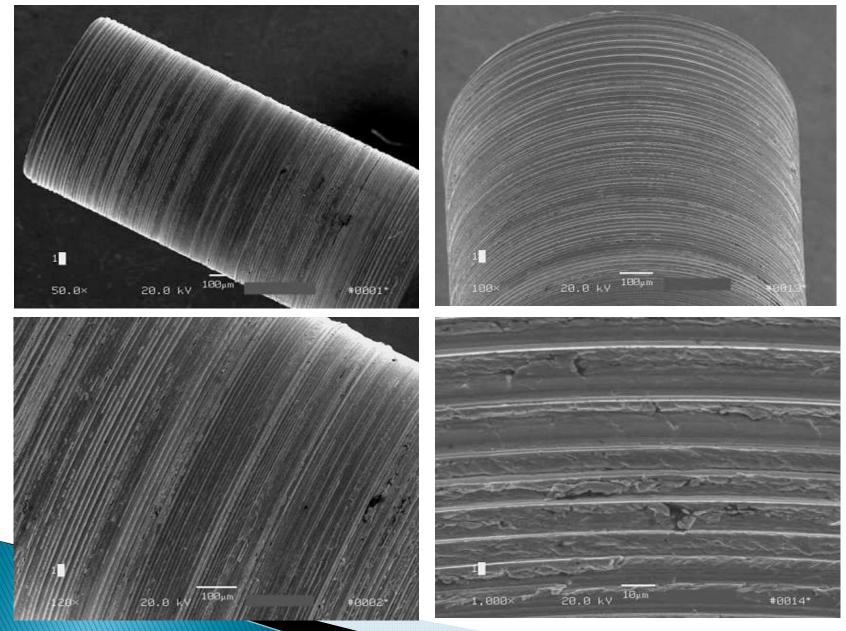


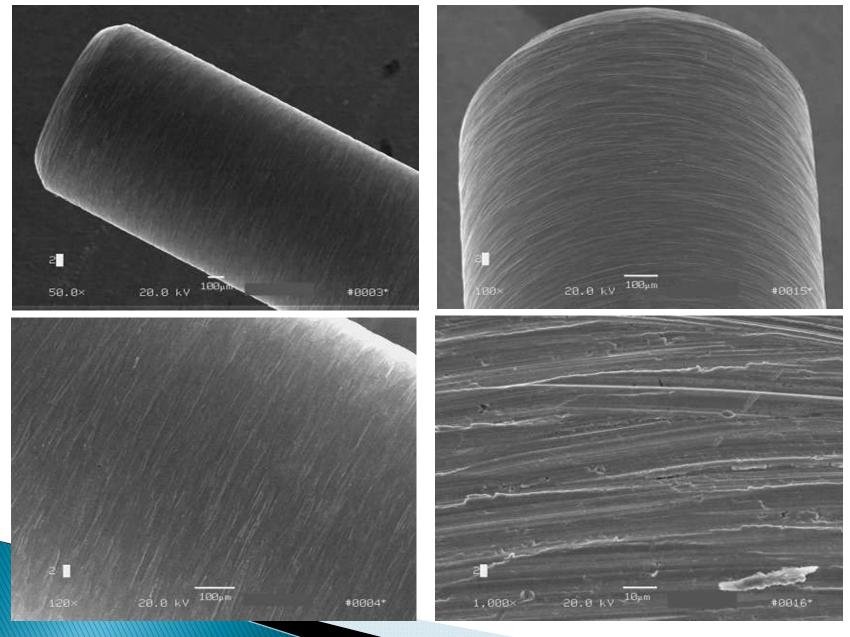
Pivot file and burnisher

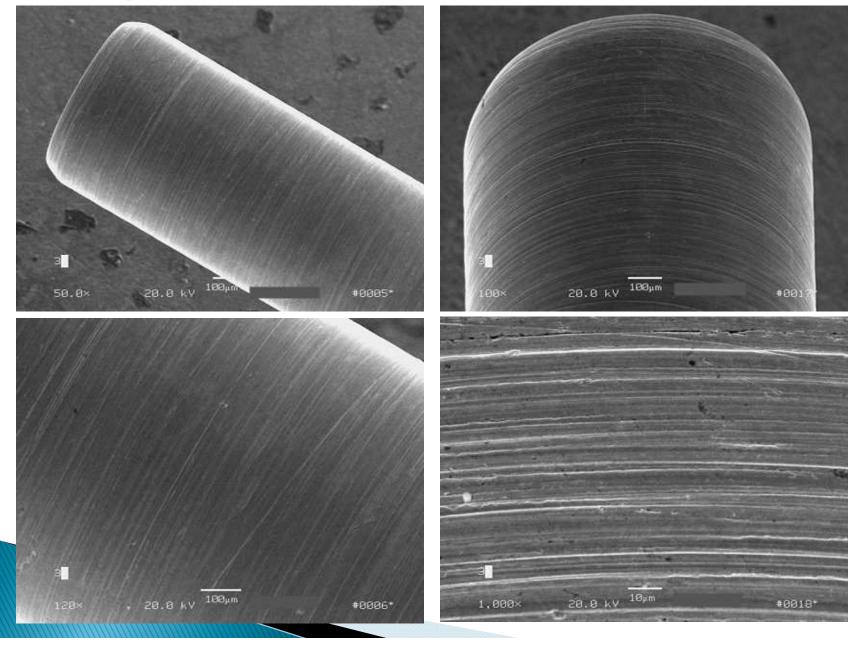
- Available from most clock tool suppliers
- Very fine cut file
- Burnishers come in a "right hand" or "left hand" configuration
- Must be prepped before use and periodically "refreshed"
- Burnisher must be used with an oil
- Requires a little practice to become proficient

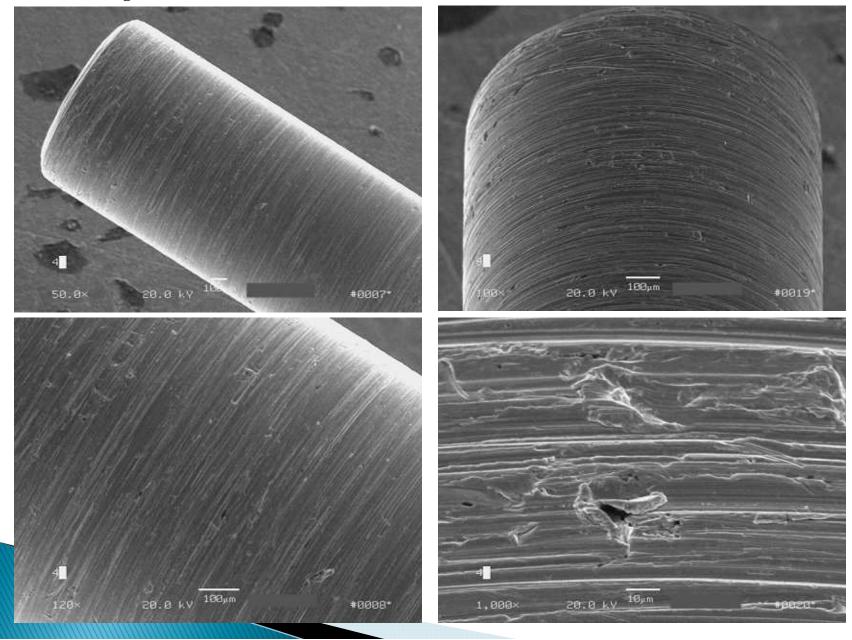
A comparison of methods

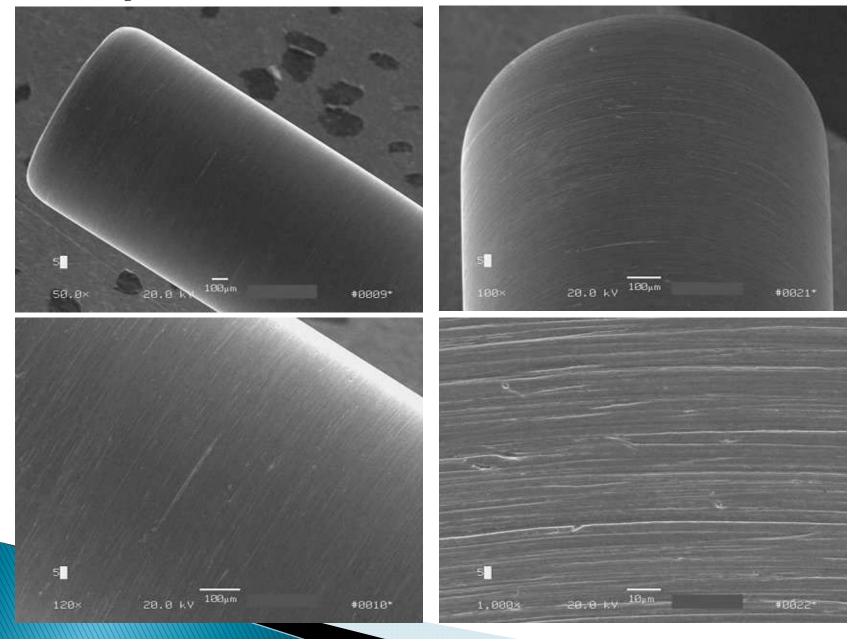
- The 2005 Bob Whiteman Analysis
- Six samples:
 - Sample 1 as turned
 - Sample 2 file w/#6 cut Grobet needle file
 - Sample 3 file as #2, polished w/Cratex extra fine abrasive stick
 - Sample 4 file as #2, polished w/320 grit silicon carbide wet/dry sandpaper with oil
 - Sample 5 file as #2, polished w/ 320 grit and then 1000 grit silicon carbide wet/dry sandpaper with oil
 - Sample 6 file as #2, burnished with oil

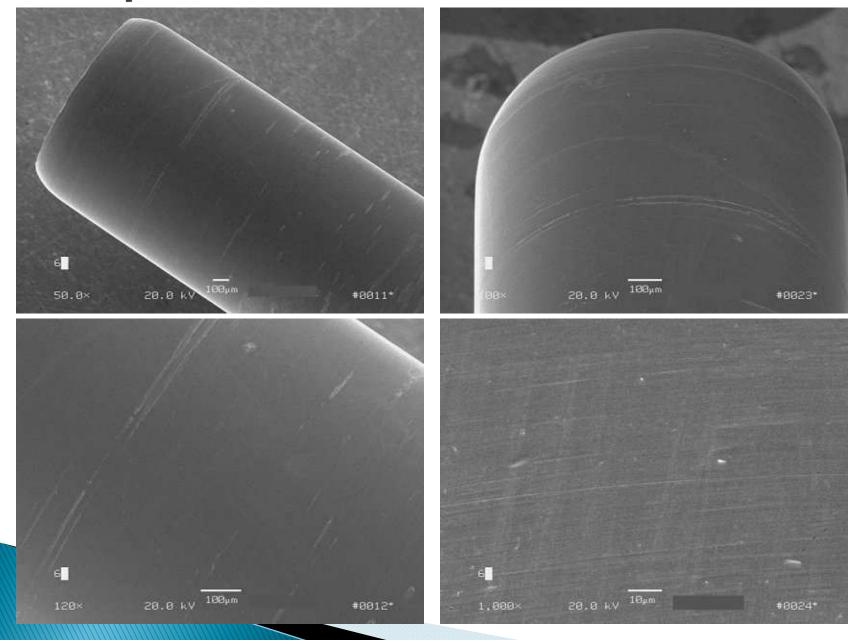




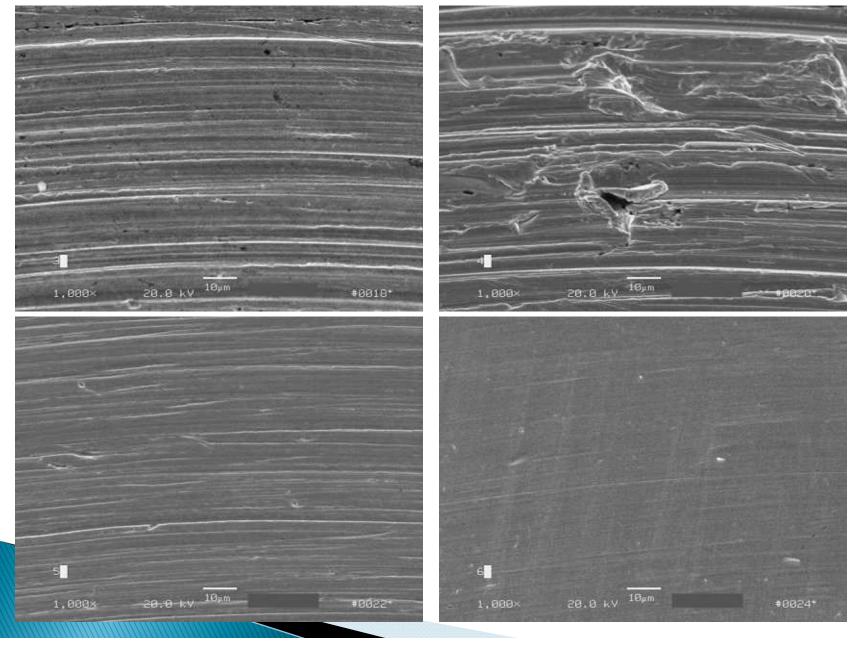








Samples 3-6 High Magnification



The 2008 Rematch

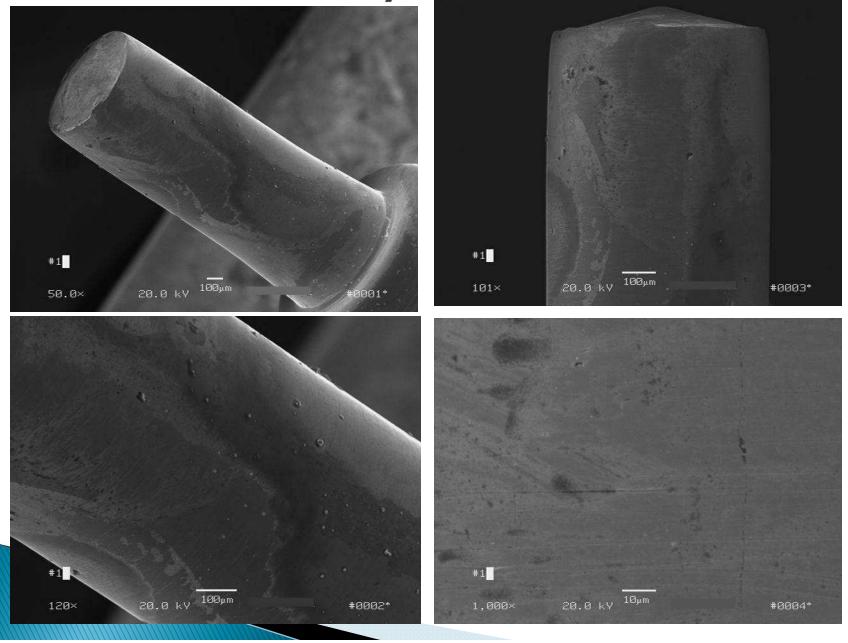
Scottie McElroy

- Process:
 - 1500 grit supported by steel rule, dry
 - 2500 grit supported by steel rule, dry
 - Simichrome polish by cotton cloth backed by steel rule
 - Total time 3 minutes

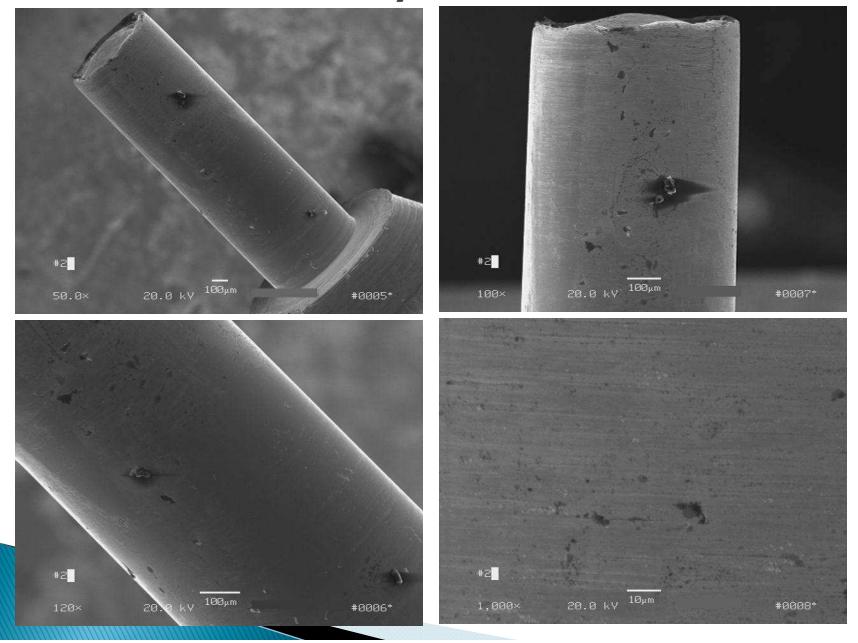
David LaBounty

- Process:
 - Coarse pivot file
 - Fine pivot file
 - High speed steel burnisher with No. 9 Hoppe's lubricating oil
 - Total time 49 seconds

Scottie McElroy Results



David LaBounty Results



My opinion of Key Points

- Any fine grade of polishing or burnishing is better than doing nothing at all.
- Polishing:
 - Disadvantages not as good as burnishing, slower?
 - Advantage not as easy to misshape pivot
- Burnishing:
 - Disadvantage need to practice & develop technique, can easily misshape pivot
 - Advantages produces the best quality pivot, hardens the pivot, faster?
- May be worthwhile to conduct a scientific study

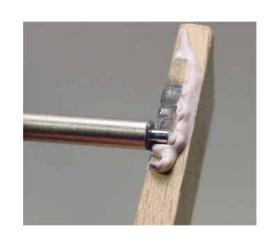
A quick clarification...

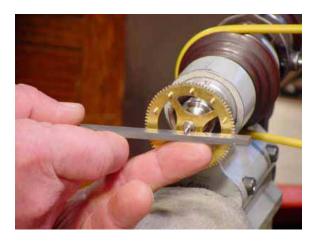
- Burnishing and polishing are a bit different. In addition to polishing a pivot, burnishing will harden the surface of the pivot making it a better bearing surface. Polishing media alone does not harden the surface of the pivot.
- Polishing is removing material.
- Burnishing is removing a small amount of material and moving and stretching the metal.

Pivot polishing tips

- Use a media and technique that best suits you.
- Use a micrometer or caliper to find misshapen pivots.
- Plated pivots on some modern German clocks cannot be filed or burnished. Use polishing compound on plain wood.
- Use a steady rest to support the arbor when using a lathe.
- Make runners to support the pivot in a lathe.
- Secure the arbor, not the pivot, in a lathe. Use a "lathe dog" when necessary.
- Highly recommend using a lathe tool post to insure your pivot and burnisher are aligned with the pivot.
- Look for debris on the pivot file or burnisher during operations.
- "Bottom" technique allows you to watch the pivot and provides better control of pressure on the pivot.
- Clean the pivots completely after polishing and after burnishing.

Examples of polishing tips tools













Questions or comments?



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